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Effects of Ni Content in Zn-Ni Alloys on Phosphatability and Press Formability of Automotive Exposed Panels

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Synopsis:

In order to use Zn-Ni alloy electroplated steel sheets to be used on the exposed side of automotive bodies, effects of Ni content on press formability and zinc phosphatability were studied. Zn-

show good press formability and zinc phosphatability. Alloys containing Ni below 9% have a 2nd phase, which is less noble

alloys exhibit high frictional resistance in a press simulating test and are poor in press formability. In zinc phosphatability, the phosphate coating weight on these alloys changes with the flow rate of the zinc phosphate solution, which may cause a trouble with the coating uniformity. Therefore, it is important to control Ni content and the phase composition of the Zn-Ni alloy produced for the exposed side of automotive bodies.

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自動車外板用 Zn-Ni めっき鋼板のプレス成形性と

Effects of Ni Content in Zn-Ni Alloys on Phosphatability and Press Formability of Automotive Exposed Panels

亜旨

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				Zn-Ni めっき鋼板を自動車車体外面に使用するにあたり、Ni 含
				七本ボディ、514100年)と1 動に加加は12年間の12年間が14年
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YS (MPa)	TS (MPa)	E! (%)	Ϋ́	
177	316	45.8	1.7	

Table 2 Electrolyte composition for Zn-Ni alloy electroplating

KCI	4.7 mol/l
$NiCl_2+ZnCl_2$	2.5 mol/ <i>l</i>
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Table 4 Cylindrical shell draw test condition

Punch diameter	33 mmø
Blank holding force	29.4 kN
Drawing speed	25 mm/min
Lubricant	Rust preventive oil

2.3 りん酸塩処理性評価方法

従来りん酸塩処理性の評価は、塗装との密着性や塗装後の耐食性







