## KAWASAKI STEEL GIHO Vol.21 (1989) No.4

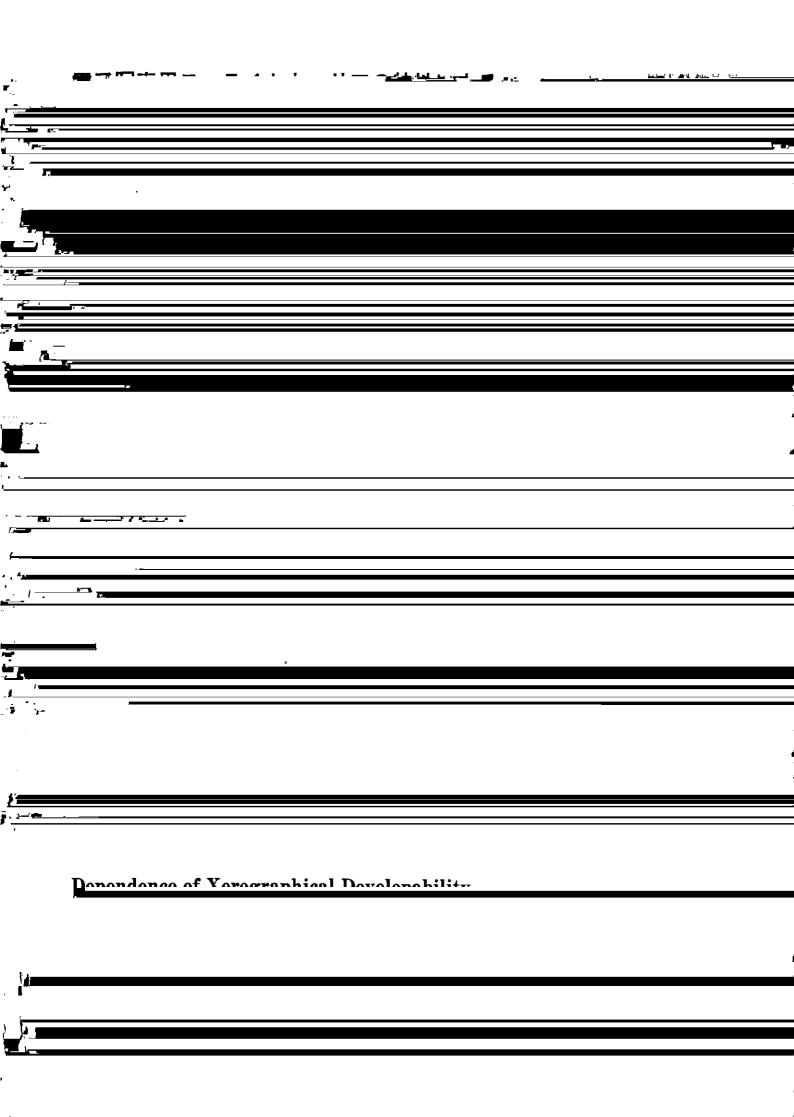
Dependence of Xerographical Developability on Ferrite Carrier Properties

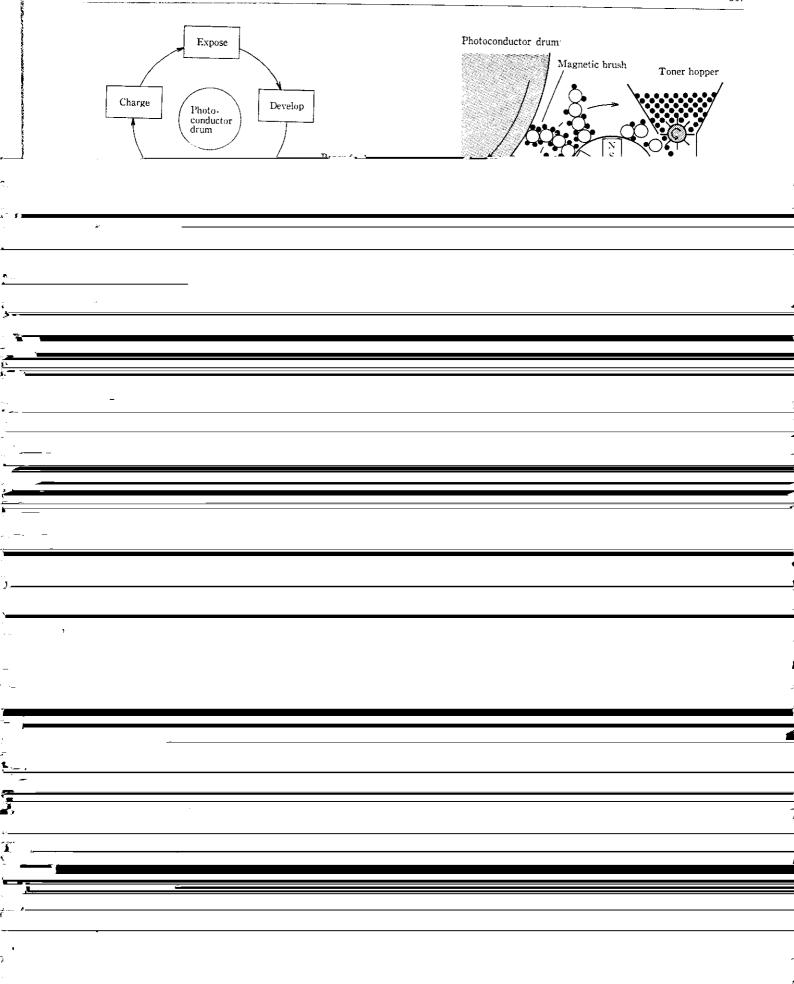
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## Synopsis:

The dependence of xerographical developability on ca.5 (e)1(C[64( )Tj EM3R8T(y)5.9 ( 9853)1(C[646[008.8 replaced by a ferrite carrier as a xerographic developer, but the developability of the latter has not yet been clarified. Measurements of image density, print contrast and the residual to ner mass have been made to elucidate the relationship between characteristics of the ferrite carrier and its developability. The image density increases,





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	Table 1 Requirements fo	r the characteristics of ferrite carrier	Ferrite raw materials
	Magnetic properties	Saturated magnetization	Wet mixing
		Coercive force	Dispersant
		Permeability	Wet milling
	Electric properties	Specific resistivity	Binder Spray drying
		Specific charge	
		Dielectric constant	Sintering
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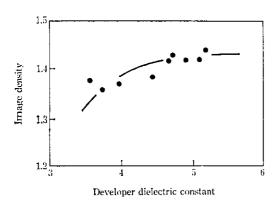


Fig. 5 Relationship between developer dielectric constant and image density

V<sub>r</sub>: 現像ロール周速 (m/s)

V<sub>p</sub>: 感光体周速 (m/s)

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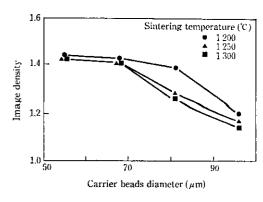


Fig. 6 Relationship between carrier beads diameter and image density for different sintering temperature

以上の実験結果から、一定の現像条件下でキャリアの誘電率、粒径を制御することによって、PPC の画像濃度を調整することがで



接触帯電する際に、キャリアの粒界の誘電的性質が関与するため、 キャリア表面の結晶粒とトナーとの対応関係が比電荷の分布に影響